# CONTEXTUALIZING DEPRESSION CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES

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### Conflicts of Interest

- Dr. Courtney's research is funded by the Cundill Centre for Child and Youth Depression; he has no conflicts of interest to declare.
- Emma McCann's involvement in the Youth Engagement Initiative is supported through the Margaret and Wallace McCain Centre for Child, Youth and Family Mental Health; she has no conflicts of interest to declare.

# **Objectives**

#### Discuss:

- discrepancy between what we know and what we do when treating adolescent depression
- potential implementation tools for evidence-based care.
- use of an knowledge translation strategy that collaboratively works with stake-holders (including youth) to implement evidence-based care

### **Outline**

- Introductions
- What is meant by "Implementation Science"?
- Example: Care Pathway to implement the NICE clinical practice guidelines at CAMH
- Barriers/Facilitators to implementing clinical practice guidelines in your context
- Goal-setting



# Introductions

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# Implementation Science

- Problem across all of healthcare:
  - Known gap between "what we know" and "what we do"
  - Not well known to what extent this is problem in Child and Youth Mental Health
  - Clinically:
    - Clients are not able to say what type of psychotherapy they receive
    - Variety of medications
      - Often not fluoxetine
      - Often venlafaxine, sometimes tricyclics
      - Various other medications

# Implementation Science

- Goal of Implementation Science: Take research findings from clinical studies and optimize application in clinical practice
- i.e. Close the gap between "what we know" and "what we do"

# Implementation Science

- Simplest model: RE-AIM www.re-aim.org
- Enola Proctor et al, 2011 for a more comprehensive list of implementation outcomes



### **RE-AIM**

- Reach: What % of eligible clients follow the recommendations?
- Efficacy/Effectiveness: What impact did the recommendations have on benefits and adverse events for clients?
- Adoption: What % of clinicians willing to initiate the recommendations?
- Implementation: To what extent was recommendations adhered to (ie. fidelity)?
- Maintenance: To what extent has the recommendations become part of routine clinical practice?

# Example of Implementation Tools

- Printed education materials
- Web-based applications
- Built-in applications to EMR
- Flow diagrams/Algorithms
- Face-to-face training
- Group Educational Training Sessions
- Checklists
- Chart Audits and Feedback
- Care Pathways

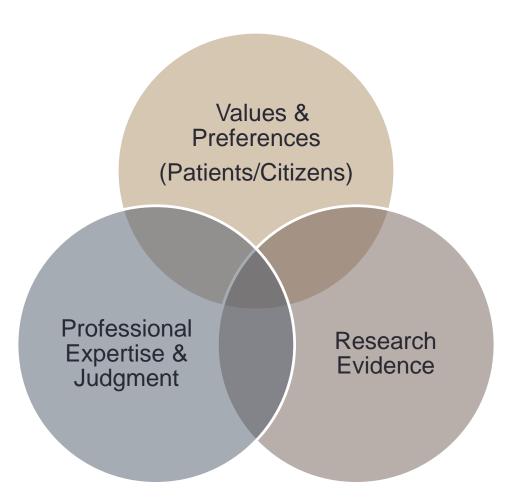


# Use of Multi-disciplinary Care Pathway

- RAISE-ETP study (Kane et al 2015):
  - Showed that co-ordinated multidisciplinary comprehensive care for early schizophrenia improved outcomes over treatment as usual
- Not yet studied for Adolescent Depression (study currently underway) - CARIBOU



# **Evidence-informed Decision Making: 3 Pillars**





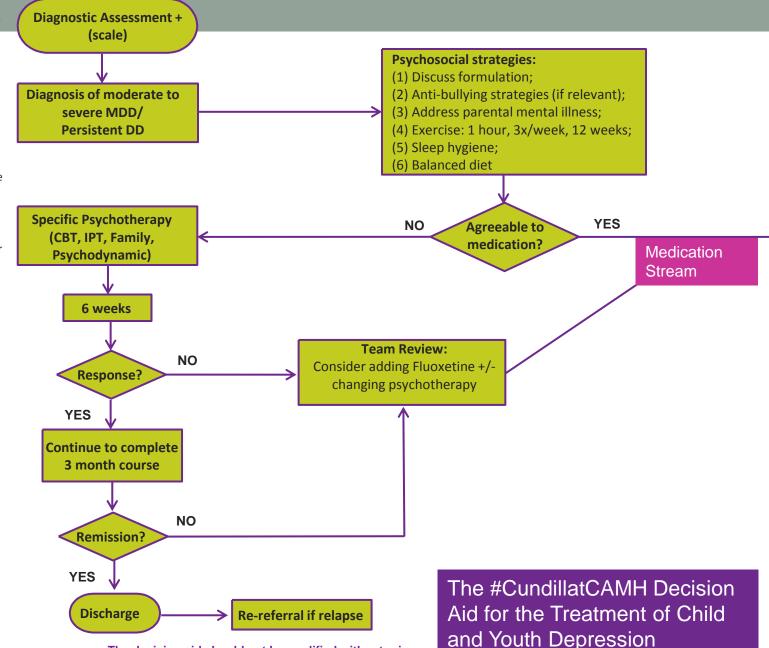
**NOTE:** This decision aid draws on NICE guidance

'© NICE (2005) CG28 Depression in children and young people: identification and management. Available from

www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg28 All rights reserved. Subject to Notice of rights

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Recognized scale should be chosen with clear cut-offs for "response" and "remission"





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Psychotherapy Stream

#### NOTE: This decision aid draws on NICE guidance Trial of Fluoxetine + YES Agreeable to **Specific Psychotherapy** '© NICE (2005) CG28 Depression in children and young medication? (CBT, IPT, Family, people: identification and management. Available from www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg28 All rights reserved. **Psychodynamic)** Subject to Notice of rights **Psychotherapy Team Review:** NICE guidance is prepared for the National Health Service Stream in England. All NICE guidance is subject to regular review Consider adding Fluoxetine +/ 6 weeks and may be updated or withdrawn. NICE accepts no changing psychotherapy responsibility for the use of its content in this product/publication. NO Response? Monitoring Medication **Team Review:** Frequent monitoring initially YES Consider changing psychotherapy: (weekly for the first 4 weeks) Consider systemic family Recommended titration: **Continue to complete** therapy (15 sessions q2 weeks) Week 1: 10mg/d 3 month course Week 2: 20mg/d (if Consider individual tolerated and clinically psychotherapy for 30 weeks necessary) +/- Citalopram or Sertraline **YES** NO **Remission?** Other Guidelines NO Do not offer antidepressant without Response? also offering psychotherapy **Continue antidepressant** YES **Team Review:** Do not offer paroxetine, for 6 months or more; venlafaxine, tricyclic **Consider ECT** Relapse prevention plan antidepressants or St. John's Wort Recognized scale should be chosen with clear cutoffs for "response" and



"remission"

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Re-referral if relapse

Discharge

The #CundillatCAMH Decision Aid for the Treatment of Child and Youth Depression

Medication Stream

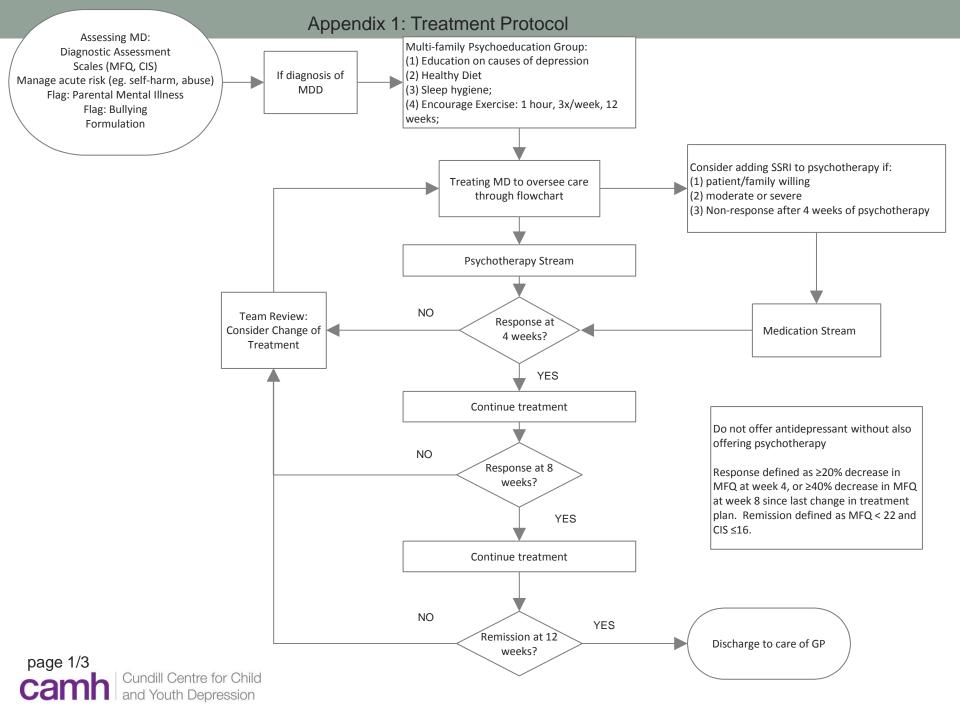
# Clinician Engagement

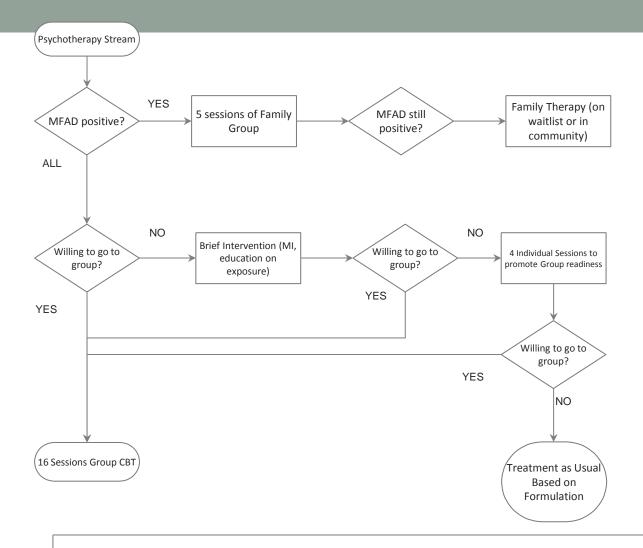
- Reviewed decision-tool
- Pros and Cons

	Pros	Cons
Using Tool		
Not using tool		

How to modify for context of our clinic....



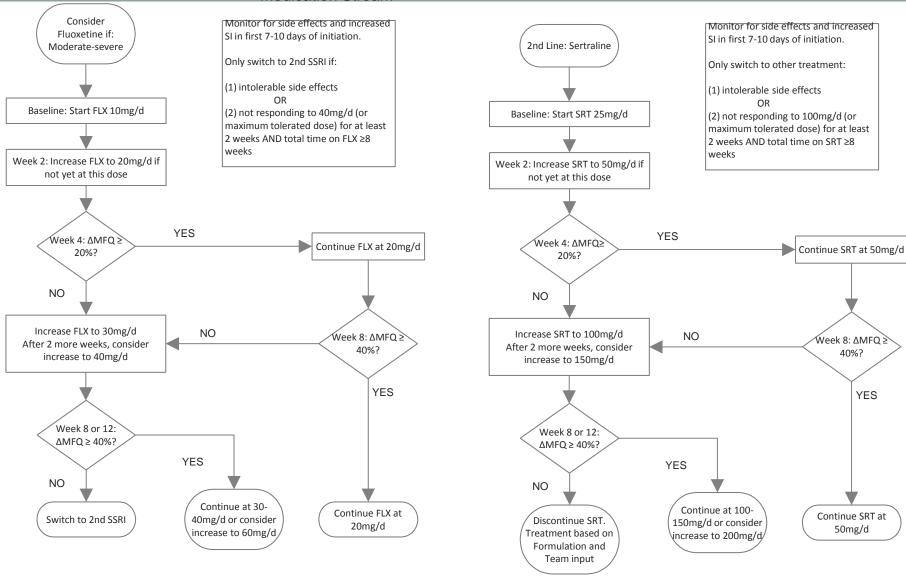




CBT consists of a four 4-session modules on (1) Behavioural Activation, (2) Communication Skills, (3) Problem-Sovling Skills and (4) Cognitive Restructuring for a total of 16 sessions. Entry point at the beginning of each module. If no response or not tolerated, treatment as usual based on formulation.



#### **Medication Stream**





Do not offer paroxetine, venlafaxine, tricyclic antidepressants or St. John's Wort.

# Youth Engagement

- Pathway
- Worksheets
- CBT manual
- Focus Groups

# CARIBOU

# PATHWAY FOR YOUTH WITH DEPRESSION

**CARIBOU** stands for "Care for Adolescents who Receive Information 'Bout OUtcomes"

**Depression** is when feelings of sadness, emptiness and irritability (crankiness) last longer than two weeks, affect most parts of a person's daily life, and stop them from doing things that they used to enjoy.\*

Psychotherapy means talking about ideas and actions that may improve your mood.

\*Source: headspace (2018). Understanding and dealing with depression - for young people.

Retrieved from headspace.org.au.

This a single session in the evening where you and your caregiver(s) will learn about depression and what causes it, as well as ways to use diet, exercise, and sleep to improve your mood.

FAMILY EDUCATION

**DIAGNOSIS OF** 

**DEPRESSION** 

Antidepressant treatment
may be offered. This
decision will depend on the
severity of symptoms, your
doctor's clinical judgement,
and your own opinion
about medications

**MEDICATION** 

STREAM

PSYCHOTHERAPY STREAM

TEAM REVIEW EVERY 4 WEEKS

**OVER 20 WEEKS** 

Everyone's symptoms improve in different ways and at different speeds. We will ask you to rate your symptoms every 2 to 4 weeks. You and your clinicians (and, if you wish, your caregivers) will meet every 4 weeks to see if your treatment is working or if it needs to be changed.

**FINISH PROGRAM** 

For more information about this project, e-mail cundill.centre@camh.ca

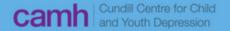
# HOW THE CARIBOU PATHWAY WORKS

# STREAMS

#### MEDICATION STREAM

If you and your doctor decide that medication is a good fit for you, fluoxetine is usually the first option for treatment. If there is no benefit after 8 to 12 weeks, or if there are too many side effects, the medication will be switched to sertraline. If this doesn't work, or you have tried these before, you will discuss medications in more detail with your doctor.

#### PSYCHOTHERAPY STREAM



#### **FAMILY SUPPORT**

Caregivers are offered 8 weekly sessions on how to best support you through depression. Topics include: understanding emotions, relationships and boundaries, problem-solving and communication.

#### CBT GROUP THERAPY 20 SESSIONS

CBT stands for "Cognitive-Behavioural Therapy".
"Cognitive" means working with your thoughts to change your mood.
"Behavioural" means working with your actions to change your mood.

Group therapy allows you to learn strategies to help you to have more control of your mood as well as meet other youth who have similar struggles. There are 4 sections of 4 sessions each (16 sessions in total). Topics include: getting active, communication, problem-solving and changing your thinking style.

FINISH PROGRAM
OR TEAM REVIEW

For more information about this project, e-mail cundill.centre@camh.ca

# Progress so far

- Psychoeducation session:
  - Limited engagement so far
- CBT group for adolescents:
  - Good engagement
  - Retention rate
- "Caregivers of Depressed Youth" group:
  - Just taking off.....



# Barriers/Facilitators



# Goals



# Questions

